

## LED Display Explanation:

- G = green LED is lit
- Y = yellow LED is lit
- R = red LED is lit
- G/Y = Green and Yellow are both lit at the same time
- G/Y - R = Green & Yellow both lit, then Red is lit alone
- Sequencing (faults) has the LED pattern repeating until the fault is cleared

### 1. General Transitions:

- Controller start-up G - Y - R (one cycle)
- Pushbutton transitions blink all 3 LED's 2 times
- Battery service is required all 3 LED's blinking until service is reset

### 2. Battery Status

- General state-of-charge *see battery SOC indications below*
- PWM absorption G blinking (1/2 second on / 1/2 second off)
- Equalization state G fast blink (2 to 3 times per second)
- Float state G slow blink (1 second on / 1 second off)

### Battery State-of-Charge LED Indications (when battery is charging):

- G on 80% to 95% SOC
- G/Y on 60% to 80% SOC
- Y on 35% to 60% SOC
- Y/R on 0% to 35% SOC
- R on battery is discharging

<b>LOAD CONTROL</b>					
<b>2. Load Status</b>			<b>12V</b>	<b>24V</b>	<b>48V</b>
	G				
	G/Y	LVD+	0.60V	1.20V	2.40V
	Y	LVD+	0.45V	0.90V	1.80V
	Y/R	LVD+	0.30V	0.60V	1.20V
	R-Blinking	LVD+	0.15V	0.30V	0.60V
	R-LVD	LVD			

The load status LED's are determined by the LVD voltage plus the specified transition voltages. As the battery voltage rises or falls, each voltage transition will cause a change in the LED's.

### 3. Faults & Alarms

- Short circuit - solar/load R/G - Y sequencing
- Overload - solar/load R/Y - G sequencing
- Over-temperature R - Y sequencing
- High voltage disconnect R - G sequencing
- Reverse polarity - battery no LED's are lighted
- Reverse polarity - solar No fault indication
- DIP switch fault R - Y - G sequencing
- Self-test faults R - Y - G sequencing
- Temperature probe (RTS) R/Y - G/Y sequencing
- Battery voltage sense R/Y - G/Y sequencing